Primary RiskAssess

www.riskassess.com.au

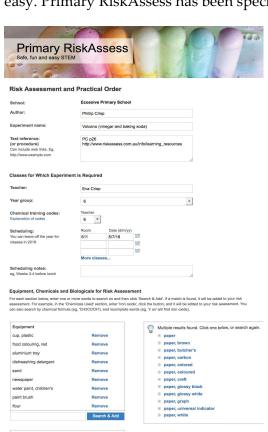
Risk Assessment Tool for Primary Science

- Make your STEM investigations safer
 - Meet your legal obligations
 - Feel more confident



Primary schools are legally required to conduct risk assessments prior to science investigations. The safety information in Primary RiskAssess allows teachers to design and carry out scientific investigations with greater confidence and lower risk. More than 200 Primary schools in Australia subscribe to Primary RiskAssess.

Primary RiskAssess is a web-based system that makes performing risk assessments quick and easy. Primary RiskAssess has been specifically designed for use by Primary teachers.



etic acid, vinegar (~0.7-1.3 M; ~4-8% wt/wt)

Teachers will find using Primary RiskAssess simple, as it includes:

- an electronic template for risk assessments, following the Australian ISO Standard on Risk Management
- safety information for chemicals, equipment and living organisms
- online help and learning resources
- hot-links to documents, diagrams, websites, Safety Data Sheets, etc
- recording of risk level and control measures
- easy sharing of experiments between school staff
- · experiment scheduling system and chemical labelling
- · access for unlimited numbers of simultaneous users
- use on computers, iPads, tablets and smart phones
- storage of risk assessments for legal purposes
- easy-to-read user manual.

The cost of a year's subscription to RiskAssess is \$350+GST per school campus. A subscription lasts 365 days from the date that payment is received and includes all upgrades during that period.

You can subscribe online at www.riskassess.com.au or email your school name to info@riskassess.com.au to arrange a free 2-week trial.

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Requirements of the Australian Curriculum for Science

The Australian Curriculum for Science¹ for Years F to 6 requires students to learn a wide range of basic science. This provides knowledge and skills for use throughout life and supports STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics) studies in later years. STEM studies have been identified as a matter of national importance and require a solid foundation in Years F to 6.

Science inquiry skills include

- questioning and predicting
- planning and conducting scientific investigations
- processing and analysing data and information
- evaluating
- communicating

From Year 3, students

With guidance, plan and conduct scientific investigations to find answers to questions, considering the safe use of appropriate materials and equipment (ACSIS054)

In Years 5 and 6, students

Identify, plan and apply the elements of scientific investigations to answer questions and solve problems using equipment and materials safely and identifying potential risks (ACSIS086)

Primary teachers are required by the curriculum to carry out scientific investigations, including ones with materials, equipment and chemicals which might cause injury. In many cases, teachers have not been provided with specific training on how to carry out these investigations safely. Primary RiskAssess allows teachers to be aware of potential hazards and access a range of safety information. This lowers the risk of injury to students and teachers, and allows teachers to feel more confident in developing and carrying out interesting investigations and demonstrations to develop student understanding.

^{1.} https://www.australiancurriculum.edu.au/f-10-curriculum/science/

Ecosolve Primary School

Volcano (vinegar and baking soda)

Commenced on: 12 Jun 2018 Written by: Phillip Crisp **Expires:** 12 Sep 2019

Classes for which experiment is required

Teacher: Eva Crisp (training code 6) Year Group: 6 Room **Date**

> 611 Thu 5/7/18

Procedure or reference, including variations

PC p26

http://www.riskassess.com.au/info/learning resources

Equipment to be used

aluminium tray

dishwashing detergent

Potential hazards Do not drink.

flour

Potential hazards

ALLERGY ALERT. Do not eat in Science laboratory, due to the possibility of chemical contamination. Also, some students may have a gluten allergy.

food colouring, red

Potential hazards

ALLERGY ALERT. May cause an allergic reaction in some individuals. Do not drink.

newspaper

Potential hazards Easily flammable. Standard handling procedures Avoid use near naked flames.

paint brush

Potential hazards

May splash paint into eyes.

plastic cup

Potential hazards

Flammable. May release toxic fumes if burnt. Cup transmits heat of hot fluid, causing it to become uncomfortable to hold. Organic solvents may affect the plastic, causing leaks.

Standard handling procedures

Use insulating foam cups for hot liquids. Do not use plastic cups for organic solvents. Do not heat with bunsen burner.

sand

Potential hazards

Sand may be thrown around and cause eye injury. May be source of toxoplasmosis, if sand is outside and not covered.

Standard handling procedures

Training: 1-6*

Should be covered when not in use, due to the possibility of a cat infected with toxoplasmosis defaecating in the sand.

water paint, children's

Potential hazards

Class: nc

Check label to ensure ingredients are not toxic. Do not ingest. May cause skin irritation.

PG: none

Chemicals to be used

acetic acid, vinegar (~0.7-1.3 M; ~4-8% wt/wt) (ethanoic acid)

Users: K-12*

CH₃COOH_(aq)

CAS: 64-19-7

GHS data: Not classified a	as a hazardous chemical.			
Irritant vapour.				
sodium hydrogen cai	rbonate, solid (baking so	da, bicarbonate of soda, soc	lium bicarbonate)	NaHCO ₃
Class: nc PG: none	e Users: K-12*	Training: 1-6*		CAS: 144-55-8
GHS data: Not classified a	as a hazardous chemical.			
Potential hazards Low toxicity.				
Chemicals to be produ	uced			
carbon dioxide, gas generated during experiment				
Class: 2.2 PG: non	e Users: K-12	Training: 1-6		CAS: 124-38-9
GHS data: Not classified a	as a hazardous chemical.			
Potential hazards Harmless, in quantities generated during experiments. Toxic at high concentrations in air due to absorption through lungs into blood, lowering the pH. Standard handling procedures DO NOT GENERATE CARBON DIOXIDE IN A CLC CONTAINER SINCE THE CONTAINER MAY EXPLO Magnesium burns in carbon dioxide to form roxide and carbon.				LODE.
and biological items, included have read and understood	ling living organisms. d the (Material) Safety Data	standard handling procedure Sheets for all chemicals use I the chemicals available in c	d and produced.	
Risk assessment				
I have considered the risks	of:			
fire explosion chemicals in eyes inhalation of gas/dust chemicals on skin runaway reaction	breakage of equipment cuts from equipment sharp objects rotating equipment vibration and noise pressure	electrical shock escape of pathogens heavy lifting slipping, tripping, falling falling objects heat and cold	radiation waste disposal inappropriate beha allergies special needs other risks	viour
Certification by Teach	er			
I have assessed the risks	associated with:			
performing this experimen	chemicals and biological iten t with students in the class riment and disposing of was		s, for this experimen	-,
on the basis of likelihood a Standardization Standard I	-	School's risk matrix, accord	ing to International O	rganization for
I consider the inherent leve	el of risk (risk level without o	control measures) to be:		
Low risk Medium ris	sk High risk Extren	ne risk		
Control measures:				
Ensure that students do r Don't let students drink th		get vinegar in eyes or in cuts	on skin.	
		und that all the risks are "lov ombination with the specified		efore be
Name: Signature:			Date:	
Monitoring and review	v			-
-		its below and will be reviewe	d within 15 months fi	om the date of

Attach further pages as required